

Esthetics 2025 Group B June

Question 1

Multiple choice (one answer)

The assimilation of one body by another; the act of absorbing

- ☐ Secretion
 - ☐ Absorption
 - ☐ Barrier Function
-

Question 2

Multiple choice (one answer)

A protective cushion that gives contour and smoothness to the body

- ☐ Adipose Tissue
 - ☐ Elastin
 - ☐ Collagen
-

Question 3

Multiple choice (one answer)

Coiled structures attached to hair follicles found in the underarm and genital areas.

- ☐ Secretion
 - ☐ Apocrine Glands
 - ☐ Sudoriferous (sweat) glands
-

Question 4

Multiple choice (one answer)

Lipid matrix that protects the skin's surface

- ☐ Barrier Function
 - ☐ Sebum
 - ☐ Secretion
-

Question 5

Multiple choice (one answer)

Protein fiber produced by fibroblasts which makes up 70% of the dermis

- ☐ Keratin
 - ☐ Elastin
 - ☐ Collagen
-

Question 6

Multiple choice (one answer)

Live layer of connective tissue below the epidermis

- ☐ Reticular layer
 - ☐ Dermis
 - ☐ Papillae
-

Question 7

Multiple choice (one answer)

Clear layer under the stratum corneum; only found on the palms and soles of feet

- ☐ Stratum Germinativum
 - ☐ Stratum Lucidum
 - ☐ Reticular Layer
-

Question 8

Multiple choice (one answer)

Layer composed of cells resembling granules, which replace cells shed from the Stratum Corneum.

- ☐ Papillary Layer
 - ☐ Stratum Granulosum
 - ☐ Papillae
-

Question 9

Multiple choice (one answer)

First layer of the epidermis above the papillary layer of the dermis, also known as the basal layer

- ☐ Melanin
- ☐ Stratum Corneum
- ☐ Stratum Germinativum

Question 10

Multiple choice (one answer)

Outermost layer of the epidermis, which is what the esthetician is most concerned with.

- ☐ Stratum Corneum
 - ☐ Barrier Function
 - ☐ Keratin
-

Question 11

Multiple choice (one answer)

A product manufactured by a gland for a special purpose. Secretions are produced between skin cells and from the sebaceous glands in the hair follicles

- ☐ Enzymes
 - ☐ Secretion
 - ☐ Sebum
-

Question 12

Multiple choice (one answer)

Cells that produce pigment granules in the basal layer.

- ☐ keratinocytes
 - ☐ Melanin
 - ☐ Melanocytes
-

Question 13

Multiple choice (one answer)

Provides protection from external factors for the epidermis and lubricates both skin and hair.

- ☐ Sebum
 - ☐ Sebaceous Glands
 - ☐ Excretion
-

Question 14

Multiple choice (one answer)

The structures that assist in holding cells together

- ☐ Desmosomes
 - ☐ Elastin
 - ☐ Enzymes
-

Question 15

Multiple choice (one answer)

Catalysts that break down complex food molecules to utilize extracted energy

- ☐ Secretion
 - ☐ Lymph Vessels
 - ☐ Enzymes
-

Question 16

Multiple choice (one answer)

Secrete oil to keep skin soft and protected

- ☐ Papillae
 - ☐ Sebaceous Glands
 - ☐ Apocrine Glands
-

Question 17

Multiple choice (one answer)

Small cone shaped structures at the bottom of hair follicles

- ☐ Sebum
 - ☐ Papillae
 - ☐ Papillary Layer
-

Question 18

Multiple choice (one answer)

Topical vitamin A prescription cream used to treat acne

- ☐ Retin A
 - ☐ Melanin
 - ☐ Keratin
-

Question 19

Multiple choice (one answer)

Sweat gland found all over the body, not attached to hair follicles, and without producing an offensive odor.

- ☐ Eccrine Glands
 - ☐ Sebaceous Glands
 - ☐ Excretion
-

Question 20

Multiple choice (one answer)

Protein fiber found in the dermis

- ☐ Collagen
 - ☐ Keratin
 - ☐ Elastin
-

Question 21

Multiple choice (one answer)

Study of the structure and composition of tissue

- ☐ Epidermis
 - ☐ Physiology
 - ☐ Histology
-

Question 22

Multiple choice (one answer)

Connects the dermis to the epidermis

- ☐ Papillary Layer
 - ☐ Reticular Layer
 - ☐ Dermis
-

Question 23

Multiple choice (one answer)

Study of the function of the skin.

- ☐ Physiology
 - ☐ Keratin
 - ☐ Histology
-

Question 24

Multiple choice (one answer)

Spiny layer above the basal layer, not always listed as a separate layer

- ☐ Stratum Corneum
 - ☐ Stratum Spinosum
 - ☐ Sebum
-

Question 25

Multiple choice (one answer)

Excretes perspiration and detoxifies the body by excreting excess salt and unwanted chemicals

- ☐ Melanin
 - ☐ Eccrine Glands
 - ☐ Sudoriferous Glands
-

Question 26

Multiple choice (one answer)

The outermost layer of the skin; a thin, protective layer with many nerve endings

- ☐ Keratin
 - ☐ Epidermis
 - ☐ Stratum Corneum
-

Question 27

Multiple choice (one answer)

That which is thrown off or eliminated from the body, such as sweat

- ☐ Glands
 - ☐ Excretion
 - ☐ Secretion
-

Question 28

Multiple choice (one answer)

The deeper layer of the dermis, containing proteins that give the skin its strength and elasticity

- ☐ Reticular Layer
 - ☐ Stratum Corneum
 - ☐ Papillae
-

Question 29

Multiple choice (one answer)

Defense mechanisms in the skin to protect it from the sun

- ☐ Melanin
 - ☐ Keratin
 - ☐ Melanocytes
-

Question 30

Multiple choice (one answer)

Lipids which protect the cells from water loss and provide hydration

- ☐ Sebum
 - ☐ Desmosomes
 - ☐ Intercellular Cement
-

Question 31

Multiple choice (one answer)

The skin and its necessary organs, such as the oil, sweat, sensory receptors, hair, & nails

- ☐ Epidermis
 - ☐ Keratin
 - ☐ Integumentary System
-

Question 32

Multiple choice (one answer)

Soft keratin which produce scale like cells on the stratum corneum

- ☐ Sebum
- ☐ Keratinocytes
- ☐ Keratin

Question 33

Multiple choice (one answer)

Fiber protein that provides resiliency and protection to the skin

- ☐ Collagen
 - ☐ Keratin
 - ☐ Elastin
-

Question 34

Multiple choice (one answer)

Located in the dermis, these supply nourishment within the skin

- ☐ Sebum
 - ☐ Papillae
 - ☐ Lymph Vessels
-

Question 35

Multiple choice (one answer)

Small visible capillaries often referred to as broken capillaries.

- ☐ toner
- ☐ telangiectasia
- ☐ retractable